Approved For Release 200 / G P: C E P R 10 75A006500350001-1

25X1

11 August 1962

 $oxed{ ext{Copy No. C}}$  25X1

# CENTRAL

# INTELLIGENCE

# BULLETIN



25X1

State Dept. review completed

GROUP I Excluded from automotic downgroding and declossification



## 11 August 1962

### CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

### CONTENTS

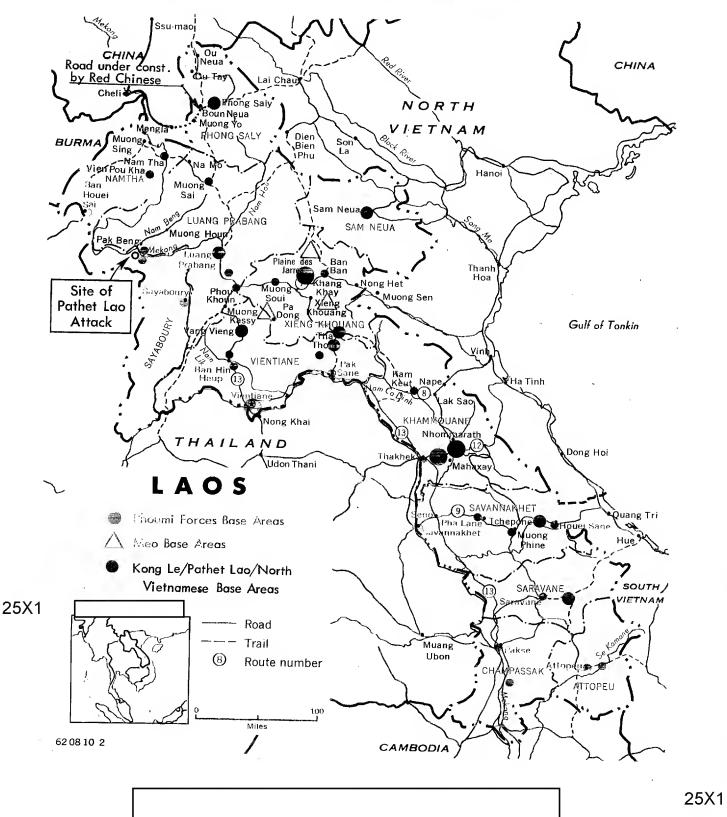
25X1

- 4. Laos: Pathet Lao troops overrun Phoumi military post west of Luang Prabang. (Page iii)
- 5. India Communist China: New Delhi contemplating retreat from its aggressive border policy.

  (Page iii)
- 6. Somali Republic: Somalia apparently to send pilots to USSR for training. (Page iv)
- 7. Angola: Situation seems to be worsening. (Page v)
- 8. West Germany: Yakubovsky visit to USAREUR headquarters generates suspicions among West Germans. (Page v)
- 9. Netherlands: Luns threatens cabinet crisis over issue of flag-raising on West New Guinea. (Page vi)
- 10. British Guiana: Jagan seeking foreign help in forming national army. (Page vi)
- 11. Argentina. (Page vii)

Approved For Release 2003/05/16 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006500350001-1

# Approved For Release 2003/05/16: CIA-RDP79T009754006500350001-1



16 · CIA PDP79T00975A006500350001 1

25X1	Laos: A Phoumi military post in Sayaboury Province west of Luang Prabang was attacked and overrun by an undetermined number of Pathet Lao troops on 9-10 August A Lao aircraft which attempted to locate the company-size garrison was hit twice by ground fire on 10 August Although sporadic skirmishing is the present pattern in Laos, this action occurred in Vientiane-controlled territory which had previously been quiet (Map)	25X1
	India - Communist Unina: (The Indian Government appears to be about to retreat from its present aggressive Chinese border policy.	
25X1	On 6 August, Nehru told Ambassador Galbraith that there would probably be discussions with the Chinese early this fall.	25X1
	11 Aug 62 DAILY BRIEF	

iii

25X1

Somali Republic: The Somali Government has apparently decided to send 50 pilots and mechanics to the Soviet Union for training. The Somali prime minister told American officials on 7 August that he could no longer wait for favorable responses from Italy and Britain to his requests for training.

According to other sources, \_\_\_\_jet fighters, probably British-built Vampires but possibly MIG-15's originally provided to Cairo by Moscow, are expected to arrive soon as part of a UAR military assistance program. Some Somali cadets reportedly have been receiving flight training in Egypt.

The USSR devoted considerable attention to Somalia. It has extended some \$52 million in economic aid for various projects, including harbor construction on the Red Sea coast. Earlier this year the Soviets gave the Mogadiscio government a 50-kilowatt radio station.

25X1

25X1

11 Aug 62

DAILY BRIEF

iv

Angola: Portugal's military and political problems in Angola appear to be increasing. All reports coming to the US Consulate General in Luanda indicate that the military situation is stagnating and possibly worsening. The rebels are using road mines, making Portuguese tactics ineffective and reportedly causing a drop in field morale. In the absence of authoritative information for the public on army activities in the fighting zone, alarmist rumors are spreading in Luanda. There is considerable tension in the capital, and any isolated incident could precipitate violence between whites and Africans there.

The basic policy differences between officials in Lisbon and Luanda remain unresolved. The governor of Angola, General Deslandes, has emerged from his recent dispute with Lisbon with increased popularity as an advocate of reforms.

25X1

West Germany: The visit of General Yakubovsky, commander in chief of Soviet forces in East Germany, to USAREUR headquarters in Heidelberg has created suspicion of US intentions, according to the US Embassy in Bonn. The embassy cites press comment that the visit had the purpose of forewarning US authorities of new Soviet moves affecting Berlin and of softening them up for such moves. The consensus of most newspapers was that the visit signaled a Soviet intention to establish a direct link at the commander-in-chief level as a first step toward eliminating the Berlin commandants and changing other aspects of the four-power status of the city. It was also alleged that US authorities see merit in such moves.

25X1

11 Aug 62

DAILY BRIEF

 $\mathbf{v}$ 

Netherlands: Dutch Foreign Minister Luns told Ambassador Rice on 9 August that there had been "great consternation" in the Dutch cabinet when it learned that in a memorandum to Indonesian Foreign Minister Subandrio on 31 July, Secretary General Thant had promised to raise the Indonesian flag on 1 January alongside that of the United Nations in West New Guinea. Luns also complained of further Indonesian parachute drops in the territory and indicated that the Dutch were in a position to protect themselves from such incursions.

Rice believes that Luns and his allies in the cabinet would regard the flag-raising action as the final humiliation and might choose to dissociate themselves from any agreement. Nevertheless, the embassy is inclined to believe there will not be a serious cabinet crisis and suggests that the Dutch would find it more palatable if all three flags flew over the territory beginning 1 January.

25X1

British Guiana: Premier Jagan has been seeking foreign assistance in creating a national army and is trying to obtain arms from private sources, according to a British Colonial Office official in London. Jagan evidently intends to recruit the army from the colony's East Indian population in order to offset the strength of the largely Negro police force.

Jagan has obtained an offer of technical assistance as the result of a visit to British Guiana by an Israeli diplomat in June, and two Israeli officers have been named to advise on army organization. Their request for visas, however, has been held up by London, which opposes Jagan's plans for an army.

25X1

11 Aug 62

DAILY BRIEF

vi

Argentina: (Information as of 0430 EDT) The military crisis continues to threaten President Guido's government. General Eduardo Senorans, whom Guido appointed Secretary of War yesterday, resigned early this morning. Guido broadcast an order to dissident troops moving on Buenos Aires to remain where they were, and invited their leader, General Federico Toranzo Montero, to appear at the presidential residence. Toranzo Montero reportedly has accepted the invitation. Loyal and dissident forces have been moving tanks and other armored vehicles into Buenos Aires but, according to press reports, there has been little actual fighting.

25X1

25X1

# Sino-Indian Border Dispute

India's policy along the border this year has called for the establishment of new outposts, stepped-up patrolling, probes of Chinese-claimed areas, and occasional isolation of an advance Chinese post. While the Indian show of force has been stronger than ever before, the units involved have been small and lightly armed because of difficulties of terrain and supply, and Indian forces are somewhat overextended.

The Indians, in particular Krishna Menon, have probably persuaded themselves that they have successfully asserted Indian sovereignty in this area at little cost, whereas further moves under their present policy might prove costly. This conclusion could well have been reinforced in Menon's mind by the ease with which the Chinese deployed several hundred soldiers around an isolated Indian post last month and by the stiff Chinese attitude in subsequent conversations in Geneva. For Menon, who has been credited publicly for India's stiffer line, defeat at the hands of the Chinese constitutes an obvious political danger.

The Chinese will probably welcome the kind of de facto truce outlined by Nehru. They have long sought to bring the Indians into negotiations on the basis of the status quo in Ladakh and recently "approved" an Indian call for renewed border discussions, provided no strings were attached. The onset of winter might well force each side to withdraw its troops from forward positions. The Chinese have twice rejected Indian proposals that both sides withdraw from positions now held, and they would probably do so again. Thus, any disagreement before winter would likely be a result of a unilateral Indian withdrawal.

25X1

```
THE PRESIDENT
```

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

Military Representative of the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, Office of Emergency Plonning

The Director, Notional Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Deportment of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretory of Stote for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretory of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treosury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treosury

The Deportment of Defense

The Secretory of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretory of the Novy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Choirmon, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Morine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commonder in Chief, Pacific

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Stoff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Stoff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Deportment of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Novy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Deportment of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

Approved For Release 200 (1998): CSEGRED 7-006500350001-1